# 10/538,998 Youg Chu 12-27-2006

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## closs prior art 3/3

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         AUG 28
                 ADISCTI Reloaded and Enhanced
NEWS 4
         AUG 30
NEWS
     5
                 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) Austrian patent law changes `
NEWS
         SEP 21
                 CA/CAplus fields enhanced with simultaneous left and right
                 truncation
NEWS
     7 SEP 25
                 CA(SM)/CAplus(SM) display of CA Lexicon enhanced
         SEP 25
NEWS
     8
                 CAS REGISTRY(SM) no longer includes Concord 3D coordinates
         SEP 25
NEWS
    9
                 CAS REGISTRY(SM) updated with amino acid codes for pyrrolysine
         SEP 28
NEWS 10
                 CEABA-VTB classification code fields reloaded with new
                 classification scheme
NEWS 11
         OCT 19
                 LOGOFF HOLD duration extended to 120 minutes
NEWS 12
         OCT 19
                 E-mail format enhanced
NEWS 13
         OCT 23
                 Option to turn off MARPAT highlighting enhancements available
NEWS 14
         OCT 23
                 CAS Registry Number crossover limit increased to 300,000 in
                 multiple databases
NEWS 15
         OCT 23
                 The Derwent World Patents Index suite of databases on STN
                 has been enhanced and reloaded
NEWS 16
         OCT 30
                 CHEMLIST enhanced with new search and display field
NEWS 17
         NOV 03
                 JAPIO enhanced with IPC 8 features and functionality
NEWS 18
         NOV 10
                 CA/CAplus F-Term thesaurus enhanced
NEWS 19
         NOV 10
                 STN Express with Discover! free maintenance release Version
                 8.01c now available
NEWS 20
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                 additional databases
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                 CA/CAplus to MARPAT accession number crossover limit increased
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NEWS 23
         DEC 11
                 CAS REGISTRY chemical nomenclature enhanced
NEWS 24
         DEC 14
                 WPIDS/WPINDEX/WPIX manual codes updated
NEWS 25
         DEC 14
                 GBFULL and FRFULL enhanced with IPC 8 features and
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NEWS 26
         DEC 18
                 CA/CAplus pre-1967 chemical substance index entries enhanced
                 with preparation role
NEWS 27
         DEC 18
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NEWS 29
         DEC 18
                 MEDLINE updated in preparation for 2007 reload
NEWS 30
         DEC 27
                 CA/CAplus enhanced with more pre-1907 records
              NOVEMBER 10 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.01c, CURRENT
NEWS EXPRESS
              MACINTOSH VERSION IS V6.0c(ENG) AND V6.0Jc(JP),
              AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 25 SEPTEMBER 2006.
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              STN Operating Hours Plus Help Desk Availability
NEWS LOGIN
              Welcome Banner and News Items
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NEWS X25 X.25 communication option no longer available NEWS PRICE STN 2007 Prices

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:54:20 ON 27 DEC 2006

=> file reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21

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TSCA INFORMATION NOW CURRENT THROUGH June 30, 2006

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Uploading C:\Documents and Settings\ychu\Desktop\Case\10538998\10638998B.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

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SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 360 TO 1080 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 106 TO 614

L2 18 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

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FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 634 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 634 ITERATIONS 400 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 400 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION 167.82 168.03

FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:56:21 ON 27 DEC 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 27 Dec 2006 VOL 146 ISS 1 FILE LAST UPDATED: 26 Dec 2006 (20061226/ED)

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=> s 13

L4 1 L3

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L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:589417 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:140320

TITLE: A preparation of insecticidal piperidine and pyridine

derivatives

INVENTOR(S): Ding, Ping; Henrie, Robert H., II; Cohen, Daniel H.;

Lyga, John W.; Rosen, David S.; Theodoridis, George; Zhang, Qun; Yeager, Walter H.; Donovan, Stephen F.; Zhang, Steven Shunxiang; Shulman, Inna; Yu, Seong Jae; Wang, Guozhi; Zhang, Y. Larry; Gopalsamy, Ariamala; Warkentin, Dennis L.; Rensner, Paul E.; Silverman, Ian

R.; Cullen, Thomas G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): FMC Corporation, USA SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 182 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

GT

PA'	PATENT NO.								APPLICATION NO.					DATE							
WO	WO 2004060371							WO 2003-US38878						20031208							
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		NZ,	OM,	PG,	PH,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SC,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SK,	SL,	SY,	ΤJ,				
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	RW:	BW,	GH,	GM,	KΕ,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	ΤZ,	UG,	ZM,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,				
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BR	2003				•				-								208				
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### \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

The invention relates to a prepn. of insecticidal piperidine and pyridine AB derivs. of formula I [wherein: A is C or CH; B is substituted phenyl; C is 00-1; D is (CH2)0-3; E is a bridging group selected from (CR9R10) - (CR11R12)0-1, (CR9R10) - (CR11R12)0-10, C3H6, C(O), or C(S)NH, etc.; R1 is H, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, or aryl; R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6 are independently selected from H, halogen, (halo/hydroxy)alkyl, alkylthio, CN, or NO2, etc.; R7 is (halo/hydroxy/alkoxy/dialkylamino)alkyl, sulfonatoalkyl, arylalkyl, or arylcarbonyl, etc.; R8 is H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkoxy, amino, morpholinyl, or indolyl, etc.; R9, R10, R11, and R12 are independently selected from H, alkyl, aryl, etc.]. Prepd. compds. were evaluated for activity against tobacco budworm in a surface-treated diet test. For instance, piperidine deriv. II (compd. 101, insecticidal activity: 100% mortality, 100% growth inhibition) was prepd. via elimination reaction of hydroxymethylpiperidine deriv. III, N-benzylation of the obtained methylenepiperidine deriv. IV by 4-nitrophenylmethyl bromide, subsequent redn. of the nitro-group, N-carboxylation of the obtained amine V, and N-oxidn. (example 1).

FULL ESTIMATED COST 3.66 171.69

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

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L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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L5 HAS NO ANSWERS

L5 ST

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SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 14:57:53 FILE 'REGISTRY'
SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 490 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 490 ITERATIONS

1 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 8472 TO 11128 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO 80

L6 1 SEA SSS SAM L5

=> s 15 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 14:58:00 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 9892 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 9892 ITERATIONS

14 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

14 SEA SSS FUL L5 L7

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

338.63 FULL ESTIMATED COST 166.94

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

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ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER:

2004:589417 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

141:140320

TITLE:

A preparation of insecticidal piperidine and pyridine

derivatives

INVENTOR(S):

Ding, Ping; Henrie, Robert H., II; Cohen, Daniel H.; Lyga, John W.; Rosen, David S.; Theodoridis, George; Zhang, Qun; Yeager, Walter H.; Donovan, Stephen F.; Zhang, Steven Shunxiang; Shulman, Inna; Yu, Seong Jae; Wang, Guozhi; Zhang, Y. Larry; Gopalsamy, Ariamala; Warkentin, Dennis L.; Rensner, Paul E.; Silverman, Ian

R.; Cullen, Thomas G.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

FMC Corporation, USA PCT Int. Appl., 182 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE:

Patent English

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE -----

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WO 2004060371
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                                                  US 2003-495059P
                                                                        P 20030814
                                                  WO 2003-US38878
                                                                        W 20031208
OTHER SOURCE(S):
                            MARPAT 141:140320
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THER SOURCE(S). MAREAT 141:140320

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The invention relates to a prepn. of insecticidal piperidine and pyridine AB derivs. of formula I [wherein: A is C or CH; B is substituted phenyl; C is O0-1; D is (CH2)0-3; E is a bridging group selected from (CR9R10) - (CR11R12)0-1, (CR9R10) - (CR11R12)0-10, C3H6, C(O), or C(S)NH, etc.; R1 is H, alkyl, alkoxyalkyl, or aryl; R2, R3, R4, R5, and R6 are independently selected from H, halogen, (halo/hydroxy)alkyl, alkylthio, CN, or NO2, etc.; R7 is (halo/hydroxy/alkoxy/dialkylamino)alkyl, sulfonatoalkyl, arylalkyl, or arylcarbonyl, etc.; R8 is H, (cyclo)alkyl, alkoxy, amino, morpholinyl, or indolyl, etc.; R9, R10, R11, and R12 are independently selected from H, alkyl, aryl, etc.]. Prepd. compds. were evaluated for activity against tobacco budworm in a surface-treated diet test. For instance, piperidine deriv. II (compd. 101, insecticidal activity: 100% mortality, 100% growth inhibition) was prepd. via elimination reaction of hydroxymethylpiperidine deriv. III, N-benzylation of the obtained methylenepiperidine deriv. IV by 4-nitrophenylmethyl bromide, subsequent redn. of the nitro-group, N-carboxylation of the obtained amine V, and N-oxidn. (example 1).

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L8 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
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ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:16612 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:16612 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:2903b-h

TITLE: Phenyl(pyridyl or piperidyl)alkyl benzoates and

phenylalkanoates

INVENTOR(S): Rorig, Kurt J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle and Co.

SOURCE: 10 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

Carbinols of the general formula RR'ArCR''nOH, where R is an alkyl or aryl AB group, R' is a pyridyl or piperidyl group, Ar is an aryl group, R'' is an alkylene group, and n is 0 or 1, are treated with anhydrides of the general formula (PhRnCO)20, where R is an alkylene group and n is O or 1, to give the title compds. which can be used as spasmolytic and fungicidal Thus, a mixt. of .alpha.-phenyl-4-pyridinemethanol 25 and o-ClC6H4COCl 60 parts is heated 11 hrs. under N at 130-50.degree., cooled to .apprx.30.degree., treated with excess 10% NaOH, and extd. with ether. The ether ext. is extd. with dil. HCl, the acid ext. made alk. with NaOH, the ppt. sepd. and taken up in ether, the ether mixt. filtered, dried, and evapd., and the residue obtained distd. in vacuo to give .alpha.phenyl-4-pyridylmethyl o-chlorobenzoate, b0.15 175-95.degree.. Similarly prepd. are the following I (m, n, R, R1, R2, R3, X, X1, X2, X3, X4, m.p., and m.p. HCl salt given): 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H,H,H, H, H, Cl, H, H, .apprx.68-9.degree. (petr. ether), --; 0, 0, 2-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, Cl, H, H, .apprx.76-7.degree. (petr. ether), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, Cl, Cl, Cl, H, --, 205-7.degree. (EtOH-ether); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, H, H, H, H, -- (b0.8 180-215.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, MeO, H, H, 94-6.degree. (b0.3 185-205.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, EtO, H, H, 96-9.degree. (b0.3 195-200.degree.), --; 0, 1, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, H, H, -- (b0.4 185-215.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, H, H, --, 210-12.degree.; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, 118-20.degree., .apprx.219-20.degree. (EtOH-anhyd. ether) (maleate m. 117-19.degree.); 0, 0,4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, H, MeO, H, MeO, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 202-4.degree.; 0, 0, 2-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, 115-16.degree. (iso-PrOH), 172.5.4.degree. (EtOH-ether); 0, 0, 3-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 192-4.degree. (EtOH); 1, 0, 4-pyridyl,  $\rm H,\ H,\ H,\ MeO,\ MeO,\ MeO,\ H,\ --,\ --;\ 2,\ 0,\ 4-pyridyl,\ H,\ H,\ H,\ H,\ MeO,\ MeO,\$ MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 1, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 182.degree.; 0, 2, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, Me, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 200-2.degree. (abs. EtOH-ether); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, Me, H, H, EtO, EtO, EtO, H, --, 207-10.degree. (abs. EtOH); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, Et, H, EtO, EtO, EtO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, Cl, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, -, 204-6.degree. (abs. EtOH); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, Cl, H, H, H, EtO, EtO, EtO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 1-methyl-4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 1-octyl-4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 1-benzyl-4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --[HBr salt m. 227-30.degree. (abs. EtOH-ether)]; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, CO2H, H, H, H, H, .apprx.201-2.degree., --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, CO2Me, H, H, H, H, --, 96-9.degree.; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, CO2Et, H, H, --, --, 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, NO2, H, H, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, NO2, H, H, --, 224-7.degree.; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, NMe2, H, H, H, -- (b0.2 200-10.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, NEt2, H, H, --, --. Also prepd. were the following (m.p. and m.p. HCl salt given): .alpha.-phenyl-4-pyridinemethyl 3,4,5-trimethoxycinnamate, --, 200-1.degree.; .alpha.-phenyl-4-pyridinemethyl 3,4,5trimethoxybenzoate N-oxide, --, --(.lambda. 6.72 .mu.); 4-pyridinemethyl 3,3,5-trimethoxybenzoate, -, 210-11.degree. (EtOH); .alpha.,.alpha.diphenyl-4-pyridinemethyl 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoate, 160.5-1.5.degree. (iso-PrOH), --. Also prepd. are (m.p. given): (3,4,5-Cl3C6H2CO)2O, 206-10.degree.; .alpha.-m-tolyl-4-pyridinemethanol, 147-50.degree. (C6H6); .alpha.-m-chlorophenyl-4-pyridinemethanol, 133-5.degree.; .alpha.-phenyl-4-piperidinemethanol, 168-9.degree. (abs. EtOH); 4-benzoyl-1-methylpyridinium iodide, --; 1-methyl-.alpha.phenyl-4-piperidinemethanol, --; 4-benzoyl-1-benzylpyridinum chloride, .apprx.193-4.degree. (butanone); 1-benzyl-.alpha.-phenyl-4piperidinemethanol-HCl, 190-3.degree. (abs. EtOH-anhyd. ether).

ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L8

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1954:28787 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 48:28787

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO .: 48:5189d-i,5190a-i,5191a-c

Quinolyl ketones. I TITLE:

AUTHOR (S): de Diesbach, Henri; Pugin, Andre; Morard, Francois;

Nowaczinski, Wojceich; Dessibourg, Joseph

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Fribourg, Switz.

SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (1952), 35, 2322-32

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: French

CASREACT 48:28787 OTHER SOURCE(S):

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. A no. of quinolyl ketones (I), prepd. by the Skraup synthesis from 4-aminobenzophenones, have been reduced with Raney Ni and H at ordinary pressure and temp. to the tetrahydro derivs. (II) and with (iso-PrO)3Al to the carbinols (III), but could not be reduced to the tetrahydro carbinols (IV.). Raney Ni reduces III to the methylene derivs. (V) instead of to IV. Thus 6-benzoylquinoline (VI), colorless crystals, m. 60.5.degree. (from ligroine) [VI.H2O, white plates, m. 39-40.degree. (from MeOH or EtOH); picrate, m. 222.degree.; phenylhydrazone, m. 184.degree.; syn-oxime, m. 198-205.degree.; anti-oxime, m. 192-5.degree.], is prepd. by heating p-H2NC6H4Bz, PhNO2, glycerol, and concd. H2SO4 3 h. at 160.degree., dilg., treating with steam, acidifying, alkalizing, taking up in Et2O, filtering, and distg. at 240.degree./16 mm. Similarly are prepd. the following compds. [(a) starting amine, and (b) corresponding quinoline deriv.]: (a) 3,4-Me(H2N)C6H3Bz; (b) 6-benzoyl-8-methylquinoline. (VII), yellowish plates, m. 199.degree. (from AcOH) [phenylhydrazone, m. 235-7.degree. (from C6H6)]. (a) 4-Amino-4'-chlorobenzophenone; (b) 6-(p-chlorobenzoyl)quinoline (VIII), m. 204.degree. (from ligroine, b. 120-80.degree., then from MeOH). (a) 4-Amino-2',4'-dichlorobenzophenone, m. 130-1.degree. (100% yield by Raney Ni hydrogenation of the 4-nitro analog in MeOH 24 h. at 100.degree. and 80 atm.); (b) 6-(2,4dichlorobenzoyl)quinoline (IX), white crystals, m. 131-2.degree.. (a) 4-Amino-2',5'-dichlorobenzophenone, white crystals, m. 123.degree. (from 60% alc.), from the 4-nitro analog with SnCl2 or Na2S; (b) 6-(2,5-dichlorobenzoyl)quinoline (X), white needles, m. 134-5.degree. (from dil. alc.) (picrate, m. 208-9.degree.). (a) 4-Amino-3',4'dichlorobenzophenone, white crystals, m, 161-2.degree. (from alc.), from the 4-nitro compd. with SnCl2; (b) 6-(3,4-dichlorobenzoyl)quinoline (XI), m. 139-40.degree. (from ligroine and MeOH) (picrate, m. 173-4.degree.). (a) 4-Amino-4'-chlorobenzophenone; (b) 6-(4-chlorobenzyl)quinoline, m. 191.5-2.degree. (from alc.). (a) 4-Amino-2',4'-dichlorodiphenylmethane, blue crystals, m. 102-3.degree. (Ac deriv., m. 141-2.degree.), from the 4-nitro compd. with SnCl2; (b) 6-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)quinoline (in poor yield) (picrate, m. 167-8.degree.). (a) 4-Amino-3',4'dichlorodiphenylmethane, an oil (Bz deriv., m. 106-7.degree.), from the 4-nitro compd. and SnCl2; (b) 6-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)quinoline (picrate, m. 164-5.degree.). 6-Acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (XII), greenish plates, m. 105-7.degree. (picrate, m. 125.degree.; oxime, m. 144.degree.), is prepd. by condensing 1-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline with ClCH2COCl at room temp., sapong. the 1-Ac group with boiling 20% HCl, and heating in 80% alc. with powd. Fe and 2N HCl; heated 5 h. at 188.degree. in a sealed tube with Hg(OAc)2, AcOH, and H2O it gives yellowish prisms of 6-acetylquinoline, m. 75-6.degree. (picrate, m. 242.degree.). A Beckmann rearrangement of XII oxime gives 6-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, m. 95.5-6.degree.. Na redn. of Quinaldine in AmOH gives 93% 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinaldine, acetylated with Ac2O to the 1-Ac deriv., bl2 153.degree., yellow crystals, m. 57.degree.; which, treated with ClCH2COCl in CS2, then slowly with AlCl3, and let stand 2 days yields 6-(chloroacetyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinaldine-HCl, white crystals, m.

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225-6.degree., converted by neutralization with dil. alkali to the free
quinaldine, yellow crystals, m. 121.degree., which is dechlorinated in 80%
HCl with Fe and 2N HCl to 6-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinaldine, m.
69.degree.. The following 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolines are prepd. in good
yield by hydrogenating 5 g. of the appropriate I in 50 mL. MeOH at room
temp. and pressure in the presence of Raney Ni, warming, filtering,
washing the Ni with warm MeOH, evapg. to a small vol., and recrystg.:
6-benzoyl (XIII), yellowish crystals, m. 113.degree. [1-ON deriv., m.
119-20.degree.; 1-Bz deriv., m. 131.degree. (from 50% AcOH); 1-Ac deriv.,
m. 97.degree. (from dil. alc.)]; 6-benzoyl-8-Me, pale yellow needles, m.
118.degree.; 6-(p-chlorobenzoyl)tetrahydroquinoline, m. 156.degree. (1-ON
deriv., m. 173-4.degree.; 6-Bz deriv., m. 146.degree.);
6-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl), m. 137.degree. (1-ON deriv., m. 145.degree.);
6-(2,5-dichlorobenzoyl), m. 153.degree.. The Meerwein-Ponndorf redn. of I
to III is carried out in nearly 100% yield by adding 10 g. of the I in 30
mL. iso-PrOH to (iso-PrO)3Al (made by refluxing 2.5 g. Al paste 10 h. with
0.125 g. HgCl2 in 50 mL. abs. iso-PrOH), slowly distg. the Me2CO formed,
alkalizing, steam-distg. the iso-PrOH, adding boiling H2O to the residue,
and crystg. from dil. alc. Thus are prepd. the following carbinols:
phenyl(6-quinolyl) (XIV), m. 127-8.degree. (picrate, m. 190.degree.;
picrate of the acetate (ester), m. 188.degree.); phenyl(8-methyl-6-
quinolyl) (XV), m. 133.degree. [picrate, m. 202-3.degree.; acetate
(ester), m. 100.degree. (from dil. alc.)]; (p-chlorophenyl)(6-quinolyl),
m. 153.degree. (picrate, m. 186.degree.; picrate of the acetate (ester),
m. 209.degree.); (2,4-dichlorophenyl)(6-quinolyl), m. 161.degree.
(picrate, m. 225.degree.; acetate (ester), m. 125-6.degree.; picrate of
the acetate, m. 212.degree.); X, (2, 5-dichlorophenyl)(6-quinolyl), m.
161.degree. (acetate (ester), m. 174.degree.); (3,4-dichlorophenyl)(6-
quinolyl), m. 145.degree. (picrate of the acetate (ester), m.
189-90.degree.). Raney Ni hydrogenation of XIV gives 6-benzylquinoline,
white crystals, m. 48-9.degree.; similarly XV is reduced to
6-benzyl-8-methylquinoline, m. 55.degree.. An attempted (iso-PrO)3Al
redn. of XIII to the corresponding IV gives instead a white paste, m.
120-40.degree., sol. in C6H6 and CHCl3, slightly sol. in alc.
2-Benzoylquinoline is reduced by (iso-PrO)3Al in 100% yield to
phenyl(2-quinolyl)carbinol (XVI), white crystals, m. 69.degree. (from
ligroine); also obtained by Raney Ni hydrogenation at room pressure and
temp. [picrate, yellow crystals, m. 138.degree. (from alc.)], instead of
to the tetrahydro deriv. Phenyl(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinalyl)carbinol,
b0.005 140.degree. [1-ON deriv., yellow plates, m. 103.degree. (from dil.
alc.); N,O-di-Bz deriv., m. 161.degree. (from ligroine)], is prepd. by
reducing 2 g. 2-benzoylquinoline 1 h. in 300 g. MeOH with H at 70.degree.
and 50 atm. in the presence of Raney Ni, filtering, washing with MeOH,
evapg. to a small vol., dilg. with H2O, adding Et2O, and vacuum-distg. the
oil. 4-Benzoylquinoline is reduced by (iso-PrO)3Al to
phenyl(4-quinolyl)carbinol, m. 127.degree. (from dil. alc.) (acetate
(ester), white plates, m. 100.degree.), and by Raney Ni hydrogenation at
100.degree. and 70 atm. to phenyl(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-4-quinolyl)carbinol,
m. 135.degree. (from dil. alc.), b0.001 110-15.degree. [1-ON deriv.,
yellow leaves, m. 105.degree. (from dil. ac.); N,O-di-Bz deriv., m.
156.degree. (from ligroine)]. 2-Methyl-4-benzoylquinoline (XVII), bright
plates, m. 118.degree. (from ligroine), is prepd. by heating 2 g.
2-methyl-4-quinolinecarboxamide in 30 mL. POCl3 with 3 g. PCl5 (with 2
drops water added to start the reaction) 15-20 min. at 110.degree.,
cooling with ice, neutralizing, extg. with Et2O, crystg. from ligroine the
2-methyl-4-cyanoquinoline (XVIII), white needles, m. 106.degree., and
adding the Grignard reagent from 12 g. PhBr and 2 g. Mg in 30 mL. Et2O to
5 g. XVIII in 50 mL. Et20; XVII is reduced by (iso-Pr)3Al to
phenyl(2-methyl-4-quinolyl)carbinol, colorless prisms, m. 167.degree.
(from dil. alc.) [acetate (ester), m. 103.degree. (from dil. alc.)], and
by Raney Ni hydrogenation at 100.degree. and 70 atm. to
phenyl(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-4-quinolyl)carbinol, m. 162.degree.
(from dil. alc.), b0.001 130.degree. [N,O-Bz deriv., m. 149.degree. (from
ligroine)]. Raney Ni redn. at room pressure and temp. of
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8-benzoylquinoline gives at once phenyl(1,2 3,4-tetrahydro-8-quinolyl)carbinol, oil, b0.001 120.degree. [1-ON deriv., yellow prisms, m. 146.degree. (from alc.), (di-Bz deriv., m. 132.degree. (from ligroine)]. Nitration of 6 g. VI in 25 mL. concd. H2SO4 with 1 mL. nitrating mixt. (= 0.255 g. HNO3) added at -10.degree., followed by cooling with ice, filtering, neutralizing with NH4OH, and crystg. in alc., gives 6-(m-nitrobenzoyl)quinoline, yellow needles, m. 160.degree., which reduced by SnCl2 in alc. to the amino compd., yellow crystals, m. 142.degree. (from H2O). Similarly, VII is nitrated to 6-(m-nitrobenzoyl)-8-methylquinoline, m. 156.degree., which is reduced to the 3-amino compd., yellow crystals, m. 187.degree. (from ligroine). The (dichlorobenzoyl)quinolines cannot be nitrated.

clost prior art

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L8 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1964:16612 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 60:16612
ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 60:2903b-h

TITLE: Phenyl(pyridyl or piperidyl)alkyl benzoates and

phenylalkanoates Rorig, Kurt J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): G.D. Searle and Co.

SOURCE: 10 pp.
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Unavailable

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

INVENTOR(S):

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

US 3100775 19630813 US 1959-803371 19590401
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 19590401

For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue. GI AΒ Carbinols of the general formula RR'ArCR''nOH, where R is an alkyl or aryl group, R' is a pyridyl or piperidyl group, Ar is an aryl group, R'' is an alkylene group, and n is 0 or 1, are treated with anhydrides of the general formula (PhRnCO)20, where R is an alkylene group and n is O or 1, to give the title compds. which can be used as spasmolytic and fungicidal agents. Thus, a mixt. of .alpha.-phenyl-4-pyridinemethanol 25 and o-ClC6H4COCl 60 parts is heated 11 hrs. under N at 130-50.degree., cooled to .apprx.30.degree., treated with excess 10% NaOH, and extd. with ether. The ether ext. is extd. with dil. HCl, the acid ext. made alk. with NaOH, the ppt. sepd. and taken up in ether, the ether mixt. filtered, dried, and evapd., and the residue obtained distd. in vacuo to give .alpha.phenyl-4-pyridylmethyl o-chlorobenzoate, b0.15 175-95.degree.. Similarly prepd. are the following I (m, n, R, R1, R2, R3, X, X1, X2, X3, X4, m.p., and m.p. HCl salt given): 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H,H,H, H, H, Cl, H, H, .apprx.68-9.degree. (petr. ether), --; 0, 0, 2-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, Cl, H, H, .apprx.76-7.degree. (petr. ether), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, Cl, Cl, Cl, H, --, 205-7.degree. (EtOH-ether); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, H, H, H, H, -- (b0.8 180-215.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, MeO, H, H, 94-6.degree. (b0.3 185-205.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, EtO, H, H, 96-9.degree. (b0.3 195-200.degree.), --; 0, 1, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, H, H, --(b0.4 185-215.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, H, H, --, 210-12.degree.; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, 118-20.degree., .apprx.219-20.degree. (EtOH-anhyd. ether) (maleate m. 117-19.degree.); 0, 0,4-pyridyl, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, H, MeO, H, MeO, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 202-4.degree.; 0, 0, 2-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, 115-16.degree. (iso-PrOH), 172.5.4.degree. (EtOH-ether); 0, 0, 3-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 192-4.degree. (EtOH); 1, 0, 4-pyridyl,

H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 2, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 1, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 182.degree.; 0, 2, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, Me, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, 200-2.degree. (abs. EtOH-ether); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, Me, H, H, EtO, EtO, EtO, H, --, 207-10.degree. (abs. EtOH); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, Et, H, EtO, EtO, EtO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, Cl, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, -, 204-6.degree. (abs. EtOH); 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, Cl, H, H, H, EtO, EtO, EtO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 1-methyl-4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 1-octyl-4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --; 0, 0, 1-benzyl-4-piperidyl, H, H, H, H, MeO, MeO, MeO, H, --, --[HBr salt m. 227-30.degree. (abs. EtOH-ether)]; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, CO2H, H, H, H, H, .apprx.201-2.degree., --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, CO2Me, H, H, H, H, --, 96-9.degree.; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, CO2Et, H, H, --, --, 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, NO2, H, H, H, H, --, --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, NO2, H, H, --, 224-7.degree.; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, NMe2, H, H, H, --(b0.2 200-10.degree.), --; 0, 0, 4-pyridyl, H, H, H, H, H, NEt2, H, H, --, --. Also prepd. were the following (m.p. and m.p. HCl salt given): .alpha.-phenyl-4-pyridinemethyl 3,4,5-trimethoxycinnamate, --, 200-1.degree.; .alpha.-phenyl-4-pyridinemethyl 3,4,5trimethoxybenzoate N-oxide, --, --(.lambda. 6.72 .mu.); 4-pyridinemethyl 3,3,5-trimethoxybenzoate, -, 210-11.degree. (EtOH); .alpha.,.alpha.diphenyl-4-pyridinemethyl 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoate, 160.5-1.5.degree. (iso-PrOH), --. Also prepd. are (m.p. given): (3,4,5-Cl3C6H2CO)2O, 206-10.degree.; .alpha.-m-tolyl-4-pyridinemethanol, 147-50.degree. (C6H6); .alpha.-m-chlorophenyl-4-pyridinemethanol, 133-5.degree.; .alpha.-phenyl-4-piperidinemethanol, 168-9.degree. (abs. EtOH); 4-benzoyl-1-methylpyridinium iodide, --; 1-methyl-.alpha.phenyl-4-piperidinemethanol, --; 4-benzoyl-1-benzylpyridinum chloride, .apprx.193-4.degree. (butanone); 1-benzyl-.alpha.-phenyl-4piperidinemethanol-HCl, 190-3.degree. (abs. EtOH-anhyd. ether). 98023-55-3P, 4-Piperidinemethanol, 1-benzyl-.alpha.-phenyl-, 3,4,5-trimethoxybenzoate, hydrobromide RL: PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 98023-55-3 CAPLUS Benzoic acid, 3,4,5-trimethoxy-, .alpha.-(1-benzyl-4-piperidyl)benzyl

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & \text{Ph} & \text{O} \\ & & \parallel \\ \text{CH-O-C} \\ & \text{OMe} \\ \\ & \text{OMe} \\ \end{array}$$

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L8 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

ester, hydrobromide (6CI, 7CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1954:28787 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 48:28787

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 48:5189d-i,5190a-i,5191a-c

TITLE: Quinolyl ketones. I

AUTHOR(S): de Diesbach, Henri; Pugin, Andre; Morard, Francois;

Nowaczinski, Wojceich; Dessibourg, Joseph

CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Fribourg, Switz.

SOURCE: Helvetica Chimica Acta (1952), 35, 2322-32

CODEN: HCACAV; ISSN: 0018-019X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal LANGUAGE: French

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 48:28787
GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

A no. of quinolyl ketones (I), prepd. by the Skraup synthesis from AB 4-aminobenzophenones, have been reduced with Raney Ni and H at ordinary pressure and temp. to the tetrahydro derivs. (II) and with (iso-PrO)3Al to the carbinols (III), but could not be reduced to the tetrahydro carbinols (IV.). Raney Ni reduces III to the methylene derivs. (V) instead of to IV. Thus 6-benzoylquinoline (VI), colorless crystals, m. 60.5.degree. (from ligroine) [VI.H2O, white plates, m. 39-40.degree. (from MeOH or EtOH); picrate, m. 222.degree.; phenylhydrazone, m. 184.degree.; syn-oxime, m. 198-205.degree.; anti-oxime, m. 192-5.degree.], is prepd. by heating p-H2NC6H4Bz, PhNO2, glycerol, and concd. H2SO4 3 h. at 160.degree., dilg., treating with steam, acidifying, alkalizing, taking up in Et2O, filtering, and distg. at 240.degree./16 mm. Similarly are prepd. the following compds. [(a) starting amine, and (b) corresponding quinoline deriv.]: (a) 3,4-Me(H2N)C6H3Bz; (b) 6-benzoyl-8-methylquinoline. (VII), yellowish plates, m. 199.degree. (from AcOH) [phenylhydrazone, m. 235-7.degree. (from C6H6)]. (a) 4-Amino-4'-chlorobenzophenone; (b) 6-(p-chlorobenzoyl)quinoline (VIII), m. 204.degree. (from ligroine, b. 120-80.degree., then from MeOH). (a) 4-Amino-2',4'-dichlorobenzophenone, m. 130-1.degree. (100% yield by Raney Ni hydrogenation of the 4-nitro analog in MeOH 24 h. at 100.degree. and 80 atm.); (b) 6-(2,4dichlorobenzoyl)quinoline (IX), white crystals, m. 131-2.degree.. 4-Amino-2',5'-dichlorobenzophenone, white crystals, m. 123.degree. (from 60% alc.), from the 4-nitro analog with SnCl2 or Na2S; (b) 6-(2,5-dichlorobenzoyl)quinoline (X), white needles, m. 134-5.degree. (from dil. alc.) (picrate, m. 208-9.degree.). (a) 4-Amino-3',4'dichlorobenzophenone, white crystals, m, 161-2.degree. (from alc.), from the 4-nitro compd. with SnCl2; (b) 6-(3,4-dichlorobenzoyl)quinoline (XI), m. 139-40.degree. (from ligroine and MeOH) (picrate, m. 173-4.degree.). (a) 4-Amino-4'-chlorobenzophenone; (b) 6-(4-chlorobenzyl)quinoline, m. 191.5-2.degree. (from alc.). (a) 4-Amino-2',4'-dichlorodiphenylmethane, blue crystals, m. 102-3.degree. (Ac deriv., m. 141-2.degree.), from the 4-nitro compd. with SnCl2; (b) 6-(2,4-dichlorobenzyl)quinoline (in poor yield) (picrate, m. 167-8.degree.). (a) 4-Amino-3',4'dichlorodiphenylmethane, an oil (Bz deriv., m. 106-7.degree.), from the 4-nitro compd. and SnCl2; (b) 6-(3,4-dichlorobenzyl)quinoline (picrate, m. 164-5.degree.). 6-Acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline (XII), greenish plates, m. 105-7.degree. (picrate, m. 125.degree.; oxime, m. 144.degree.), is prepd. by condensing 1-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline with ClCH2COCl at room temp., sapong. the 1-Ac group with boiling 20% HCl, and heating in 80% alc. with powd. Fe and 2N HCl; heated 5 h. at 188.degree. in a sealed tube with Hg(OAc)2, AcOH, and H2O it gives yellowish prisms of 6-acetylquinoline, m. 75-6.degree. (picrate, m. 242.degree.). A Beckmann rearrangement of XII oxime gives 6-amino-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinoline, m. 95.5-6.degree.. Na redn. of Quinaldine in AmOH gives 93% 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinaldine, acetylated with Ac20 to the 1-Ac deriv., bl2 153.degree., yellow crystals, m. 57.degree.; which, treated with ClCH2COCl in CS2, then slowly with AlCl3, and let stand 2 days yields 6-(chloroacetyl)-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinaldine-HCl, white crystals, m. 225-6.degree., converted by neutralization with dil. alkali to the free quinaldine, yellow crystals, m. 121.degree., which is dechlorinated in 80% HCl with Fe and 2N HCl to 6-acetyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinaldine, m. 69.degree.. The following 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolines are prepd. in good yield by hydrogenating 5 g. of the appropriate I in 50 mL. MeOH at room temp. and pressure in the presence of Raney Ni, warming, filtering, washing the Ni with warm MeOH, evapg. to a small vol., and recrystg.: 6-benzoyl (XIII), yellowish crystals, m. 113.degree. [1-ON deriv., m. 119-20.degree.; 1-Bz deriv., m. 131.degree. (from 50% AcOH); 1-Ac deriv., m. 97.degree. (from dil. alc.)]; 6-benzoyl-8-Me, pale yellow needles, m. 118.degree.; 6-(p-chlorobenzoyl)tetrahydroquinoline, m. 156.degree. (1-ON

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deriv., m. 173-4.degree.; 6-Bz deriv., m. 146.degree.);
6-(2,4-dichlorobenzoyl), m. 137.degree. (1-ON deriv., m. 145.degree.);
6-(2,5-dichlorobenzoyl), m. 153.degree.. The Meerwein-Ponndorf redn. of I
to III is carried out in nearly 100% yield by adding 10 g. of the I in 30
mL. iso-PrOH to (iso-PrO)3Al (made by refluxing 2.5 g. Al paste 10 h. with
0.125 g. HgCl2 in 50 mL. abs. iso-PrOH), slowly distg. the Me2CO formed,
alkalizing, steam-distg. the iso-PrOH, adding boiling H2O to the residue,
and crystg. from dil. alc. Thus are prepd. the following carbinols:
phenyl(6-quinolyl) (XIV), m. 127-8.degree. (picrate, m. 190.degree.;
picrate of the acetate (ester), m. 188.degree.); phenyl(8-methyl-6-
quinolyl) (XV), m. 133.degree. [picrate, m. 202-3.degree.; acetate
(ester), m. 100.degree. (from dil. alc.)]; (p-chlorophenyl)(6-quinolyl),
m. 153.degree. (picrate, m. 186.degree.; picrate of the acetate (ester),
m. 209.degree.); (2,4-dichlorophenyl)(6-quinolyl), m. 161.degree.
(picrate, m. 225.degree.; acetate (ester), m. 125-6.degree.; picrate of
the acetate, m. 212.degree.); X, (2, 5-dichlorophenyl)(6-quinolyl), m.
161.degree. (acetate (ester), m. 174.degree.); (3,4-dichlorophenyl)(6-
quinolyl), m. 145.degree. (picrate of the acetate (ester), m.
189-90.degree.). Raney Ni hydrogenation of XIV gives 6-benzylquinoline,
white crystals, m. 48-9.degree.; similarly XV is reduced to
6-benzyl-8-methylquinoline, m. 55.degree.. An attempted (iso-PrO)3Al
redn. of XIII to the corresponding IV gives instead a white paste, m.
120-40.degree., sol. in C6H6 and CHCl3, slightly sol. in alc.
2-Benzoylquinoline is reduced by (iso-PrO)3Al in 100% yield to
phenyl(2-quinolyl)carbinol (XVI), white crystals, m. 69.degree. (from
ligroine); also obtained by Raney Ni hydrogenation at room pressure and
temp. [picrate, yellow crystals, m. 138.degree. (from alc.)], instead of
to the tetrahydro deriv. Phenyl(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-quinalyl)carbinol,
b0.005 140.degree. [1-ON deriv., yellow plates, m. 103.degree. (from dil.
alc.); N,O-di-Bz deriv., m. 161.degree. (from ligroine)], is prepd. by
reducing 2 g. 2-benzoylquinoline 1 h. in 300 g. MeOH with H at 70.degree.
and 50 atm. in the presence of Raney Ni, filtering, washing with MeOH,
evapg. to a small vol., dilg. with H2O, adding Et2O, and vacuum-distg. the
     4-Benzoylquinoline is reduced by (iso-PrO)3Al to
phenyl(4-quinolyl)carbinol, m. 127.degree. (from dil. alc.) (acetate
(ester), white plates, m. 100.degree.), and by Raney Ni hydrogenation at
100.degree. and 70 atm. to phenyl(1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-4-quinolyl)carbinol,
m. 135.degree. (from dil. alc.), b0.001 110-15.degree. [1-ON deriv.,
yellow leaves, m. 105.degree. (from dil. ac.); N,O-di-Bz deriv., m.
156.degree. (from ligroine)]. 2-Methyl-4-benzoylquinoline (XVII), bright
plates, m. 118.degree. (from ligroine), is prepd. by heating 2 g.
2-methyl-4-quinolinecarboxamide in 30 mL. POCl3 with 3 g. PCl5 (with 2
drops water added to start the reaction) 15-20 min. at 110.degree.,
cooling with ice, neutralizing, extg. with Et2O, crystg. from ligroine the
2-methyl-4-cyanoquinoline (XVIII), white needles, m. 106.degree., and
adding the Grignard reagent from 12 g. PhBr and 2 g. Mg in 30 mL. Et2O to
5 g. XVIII in 50 mL. Et2O; XVII is reduced by (iso-Pr)3Al to
phenyl(2-methyl-4-quinolyl)carbinol, colorless prisms, m. 167.degree.
(from dil. alc.) [acetate (ester), m. 103.degree. (from dil. alc.)], and
by Raney Ni hydrogenation at 100.degree. and 70 atm. to
phenyl(2-methyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-4-quinolyl)carbinol, m. 162.degree.
(from dil. alc.), b0.001 130.degree. [N,O-Bz deriv., m. 149.degree. (from
ligroine)]. Raney Ni redn. at room pressure and temp. of
8-benzoylquinoline gives at once phenyl(1,2 3,4-tetrahydro-8-
quinolyl)carbinol, oil, b0.001 120.degree. [1-ON deriv., yellow prisms, m.
146.degree. (from alc.), (di-Bz deriv., m. 132.degree. (from ligroine)].
Nitration of 6 g. VI in 25 mL. concd. H2SO4 with 1 mL. nitrating mixt. (=
0.255 g. HNO3) added at -10.degree., followed by cooling with ice,
filtering, neutralizing with NH4OH, and crystg. in alc., gives
6-(m-nitrobenzoyl)quinoline, yellow needles, m. 160.degree., which reduced
by SnCl2 in alc. to the amino compd., yellow crystals, m. 142.degree.
(from H2O).
            Similarly, VII is nitrated to 6-(m-nitrobenzoyl)-8-
methylquinoline, m. 156.degree., which is reduced to the 3-amino compd.,
yellow crystals, m. 187.degree. (from ligroine). The
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CN 4-Quinolinemethanol, 1-benzoyl-1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2-methyl-.alpha.-phenyl, benzoate (5CI) (CA INDEX NAME)